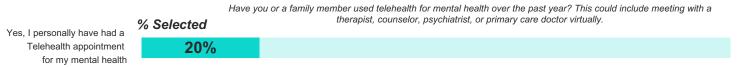
TO: The Alliance to Fight for Health Care

FR: Morning Consult **DT:** December 2021 **RE:** Telehealth



TELEHEALTH IS AN IMPORTANT BENEFIT TO ADULTS, ESPECIALLY FOR MENTAL HEALTH

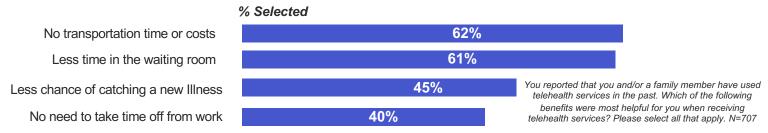
- More than two in five insured adults report (44%) they have personally had a telehealth appointment in the past two years while 14% report knowing someone in their family who has.
- A fifth (20%) report using telehealth for mental health over the past year which includes meeting with a therapist, counselor, psychiatrist, or primary care doctor virtually. Additionally, 8% report knowing someone in their family who has.



 Mental health care is the second most-common use of telehealth services among those surveyed, behind primary care visits. Sixty-two percent of insured adults would be willing to receive mental health care virtually, driven strongly by those younger than 45.

UNDERSTANDING PAST-TELEHEALTH EXPERIENCES

 Adults who have had a telehealth appointment, or have a family member who did so, reported a wide variety of advantages for patients



- Forty-five percent of adults who have had a telehealth appointment or have a family member who did so report receiving care for a primary care visit while more than a third report it was for mental or behavioral health (36%).
- Nine in ten insured adults report having a positive experience during their or a family member's telehealth visit.

ADULTS SUPPORT OFFERING CARE TO PATIENTS VIRTUALLY OUTSIDE THEIR AREA

 More than three quarters of insured adults support allowing providers to offer virtual care to patients outside their areas or states while minimal oppose.



Do you support or oppose allowing providers offering care to patients virtually, even if the patient does not live in the area or state of the patient?

• Additionally, three in four adults support (77%) allowing employers to offer telehealth visits to employees without having to pay their deductibles while 9% oppose.

This poll was conducted between November 1 – November 8, 2021 among a national sample of 1295 adults who have health insurance through their employer or individual coverage from the marketplace. The interviews were conducted online. Results from the full survey have a margin of error of plus or minus 3%. Some geographies may be weighted with fewer variables depending on local census data availability.